# Table of Contents

**Release Management Policy**

- Introduction ......................................................................................................................... 1
- Release Process ................................................................................................................... 1
  - Roles and responsibilities ................................................................................................. 1
  - Tasks ................................................................................................................................. 1
    - Technical Management of Releases ............................................................................... 1
      - Introduction ............................................................................................................... 1
      - Release trackers ....................................................................................................... 2
      - Continuous integration ............................................................................................. 3
      - EMT coordination meetings ....................................................................................... 3
      - PTs not participating at the EMT meetings ................................................................. 4
- Contacts .................................................................................................................................. 5
- References ............................................................................................................................. 5
- Logbook ................................................................................................................................. 5
- v1.0 ......................................................................................................................................... 5
Release Management Policy

Introduction

This document describes the EMI policy to be followed when managing EMI releases.

Release Process

Roles and responsibilities

- EMT: The EMT is the Engineering Management Team and is responsible for managing the release process and the software changes. This is lead by the release manager. It is composed of:
  - Product Team leaders. The list of product teams containing the corresponding leader and the associated software components should be kept up to date. The release manager has to monitor this and contact the PTB in case of missing or outdated information.
  - QA representative
  - Security representative
  - Operation team representatives of major infrastructures (EGI, PRACE, etc)
  - Invited experts
- Release manager: The release manager is responsible for managing the EMT.
- Technical director: The technical director is responsible for defining the Technical Development Plan and is also responsible for deciding on specific technical issues.
- Technical Area leaders: The technical area leaders are responsible for writing the technical area work plans and coordinating the work of the different PTs within their area.
- JRA1 activity leader: The JRA1 activity leader is responsible for collecting the technical objectives of the project from the different technical area work plans, making sure they are aligned with the Technical Development plan and together with the Release manager, define the release schedule.
- QC activities: quality control activities are responsible for reviewing the EMI releases making sure they comply with the procedures and criteria defined at the SQAP.

Tasks

The following tasks are part of the release process.

Technical Management of Releases

Introduction

The release manager should coordinate the EMI releases. The following picture represents how a release is defined:
The following items are key components of a release:

- **High level requirements**: These are high level descriptions of requirements that imply changes in the software that need to be discussed and approved first by the PEB/PTB. They are coming from the major DCIs using the EMI middleware.
- **Technical Objectives**: The technical objectives are the milestones defined in the technical area work plans.
  - Compute Area Work Plan
  - Data Area Work Plan
  - Infrastructure Area Work Plan
  - Security Area Work Plan
- **GGUS tickets**: Users should always report incidents or requests through the GGUS portal. GGUS incidents/requests will be transformed into RfCs when accepted by the developers.
- **Changes**: Changes are described in a Request for Change (RfC). Check the Change Management Policy for more details.
- **Component Releases**: Component releases are the collections of RfCs to be released. Check the Change Management Policy for more details.

A component release is the basic release unit. It's comprised of RfCs that may be motivated by GGUS, high level user requests or technical objectives. RfCs can also be changes originated within the PT itself.

### Release trackers

**User Requirement Tracker**

- It can be found in Savannah under: EMI Requirements Tracker
- It tracks user requirements coming from the DCIs using the EMI software. This requirements are communicated via the management bodies of EMI and the DCIs.
- The EMI PEB/PTB is responsible for making sure that an entry is created in Savannah for each user requirement, where the corresponding Component Releases will be attached.
- The EMI PEB/PTB is responsible for tracking the open entries and closing them when the user requirements have been implemented.
Development Tracker

- It can be found in Savannah under: EMI Development Tracker
- It tracks development objectives defined in the different technical area work plans. These objectives can be also motivated by requirements expressed by the DCIs.
- The JRA1 activity leader is responsible for making sure that an entry is created in Savannah for each development objective per technical area, where the corresponding Component Releases for that technical area will be attached.
- The JRA1 activity leader is responsible for tracking the open entries and closing them when the objective has been addressed.

Component Release Tracker

- It can be found in Savannah under: EMI ReleasesTracker
- It tracks the component releases. The set of open entries conforms the release schedule.
- The release manager is responsible for making sure that an entry is created in Savannah for each component release, where the corresponding RfCs of that component will be attached taking into account their priority. This has to be done in coordination with the JRA1 activity leader and the different PTs, making sure all the technical objectives and user requirements are addressed within the expected deadlines. The component releases are described in detail in the Change Management Policy.
- The Release manager is responsible for monitoring the progress of the release candidates, making sure with the help of QC, that they meet the Production Release Criteria and the release schedule.

RfC Tracker

- It tracks RfCs for the different middleware components. RfCs are described in detail in the Change Management Policy.
- The technical area leaders are responsible to make sure that the technical objectives and user requirements associated to the software components in their area, are mapped into entries in the RfC tracking tool.
- PTs are responsible for creating entries in the RfC tracking tool. In this case, RfCs can be motivated by those GGUS tickets describing a problem or after an internal decision within the PT. GGUS tickets requesting something that needs discussion and negotiation by the management will be discussed in the appropriate management meetings and considered as high level requirements. The GGUS ticket will be rejected in this case.
- Each RfC should have a priority defined. The assignment of priorities is described in the Change Management Policy.

Continuous integration

The release manager is responsible for monitoring the continuous integration of the software components that are part of an EMI major release. This will be achieved by monitoring the results of the nightly builds. In case of errors, the release manager should notify the relevant product teams and follow up that the issues are fixed.

EMT coordination meetings

The release manager is also responsible for organising EMT coordination meetings where outstanding issues are discussed with the relevant parties.

The release manager is responsible for preparing an agenda that should be sent to the EMT members. In the agenda, the following items should be specified:

- Date, time and any other details (meeting room, phone conference details) of the meeting.
PTs that should attend the meeting. Although it's highly recommended, not all the PTs need to attend the EMT meeting. For this reason, in case the presence of a specific PT is required, this has to be clearly stated in the agenda. If a PT is invited and can't join the meeting, he will report to the release manager in advance, trying to give as many details as possible.

- Time for comments about the minutes of the previous meeting.
- Report on the status of releases by the release manager. This report will summarise the situation about the current EMI major releases mentioning any outstanding issues and reminding important deadlines.
- Report on continuous integration by the release manager.
  - In case of errors, the affected ETICS configurations should be indicated. The PT responsible for those ETICS configurations should be present in the meeting. Specific actions to fix the errors will be discussed and defined during the meeting.
- Report about the progress of component releases not meeting the release schedule. This will be done by the relevant PT. The PT should explain the reason why the component release is delayed, clearly specifying if there are problems with other components out of the scope of the PT itself. In this case, the release manager should coordinate with other PTs to solve the problem. A new deadline for the component release should be defined.
- Report about problems blocking a component release. This will be done by the PTs involved in the problem. They should report about the progress being made. Specific actions to ensure the progress towards a solution have to defined.
- Report about new RfCs with Priority High. The release manager will inform the EMT about unplanned RfC that have priority High, which means the f!RfC needs to be included in the next release of the affected component. The associated PT should acknowledge this fact and agree with the priority.
- QA announcements. An SA2 representative should always be present at the EMT meetings to answer any question related to policies, tools or testbeds. In case of changes in any of these areas, the SA2 representative should report about it at the EMT. If specific actions are needed in any of these areas, they will be also defined at the EMT meeting.
- Report about any other open actions defined in previous meetings. This may affect any of the members of the EMT. In that case, the release manager has to make sure the right people are invited to attend the meeting by specifying it in the agenda.
- Any other business.

The release manager or any other member of the EMT appointed by him should take care of taking the minutes of the meeting. The minutes should include:

- Date of the meeting.
- The names of the people participating in the meeting.
- The names of the people who were invited to participate in the meeting and didn't attend it.
- For each relevant section in the agenda:
  - Summary of the discussions relevant to the item in the agenda.
  - List of defined actions. Stating WHAT, WHO and WHEN.

The minutes should be sent to the EMT at least before the next EMT meeting. All PT members are expected to read the EMT minutes to be informed about the decisions that have been taken.

**PTs not participating at the EMT meetings**

In order to guarantee that the release schedule is met and that RfCs are released to production within the expected delay, the following procedure should be applied in case PTs are not participating in the EMT meetings.

- At the end of any EMT meeting, the release manager should check the minutes and contact the PTs who were requested to attend the meeting and were not present. This doesn't include those PTs who have warned in advance about their unavailability AND have sent their reports to the release manager.
The release manager will also contact the relevant area leader. 
- The PT should then contact the release manager as soon as possible and help to make progress on the relevant issues. 
- If the PT hasn't contacted the release manager before the next EMT meeting takes place, the release manager will state this in the agenda as an open issue, he will explain the situation during the meeting and the minutes will be sent to the PEB. 
- The PTB is then responsible for taking the necessary measures.

Contacts

- maria.alandes.pradillo@cernSPAMNOT.ch

References

No references.

Logbook

v1.0

- First version approved in 24.01.2011

This topic: EMI > EmiSa2ReleaseManagementPolicy
Topic revision: r2 - 28-Feb-2011 - 10:16:08 - AlbertoAimar