

Optimization of the Cell Shape For the LHC 800MHz Crab Cavity

Liling Xiao

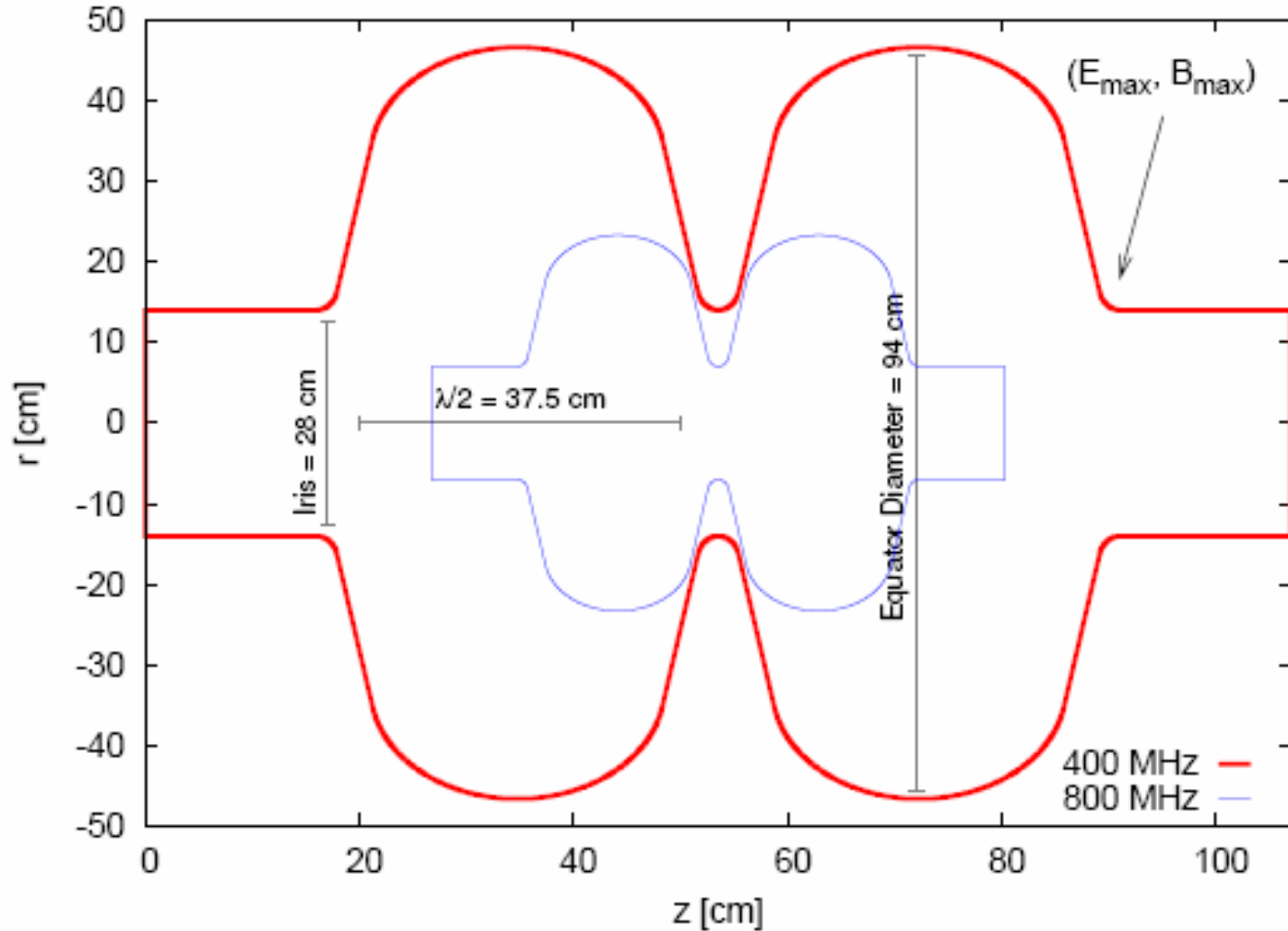
Advanced Computations Dept., SLAC

January 30, 2008



Liling Xiao, Jan.30, 2008





Start with Rama Calaga's 400MHz baseline design

Liling Xiao, Jan.30, 2008

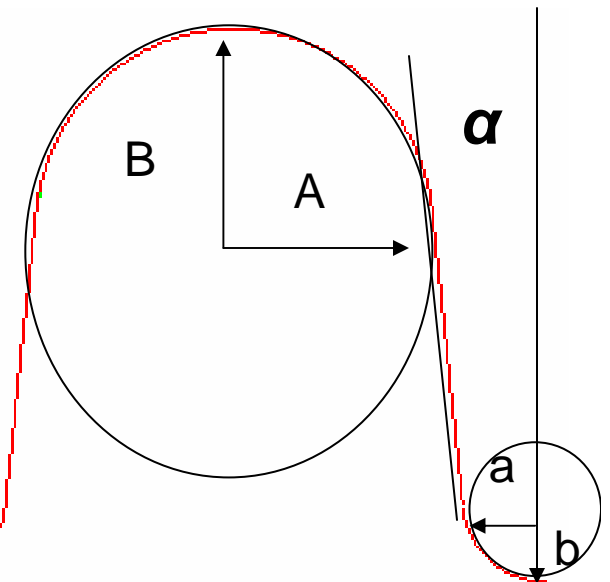


Assuming: $R_{\text{beampipe}}=R_{\text{iris}}=70\text{mm}$, $L=187.5\text{mm}$

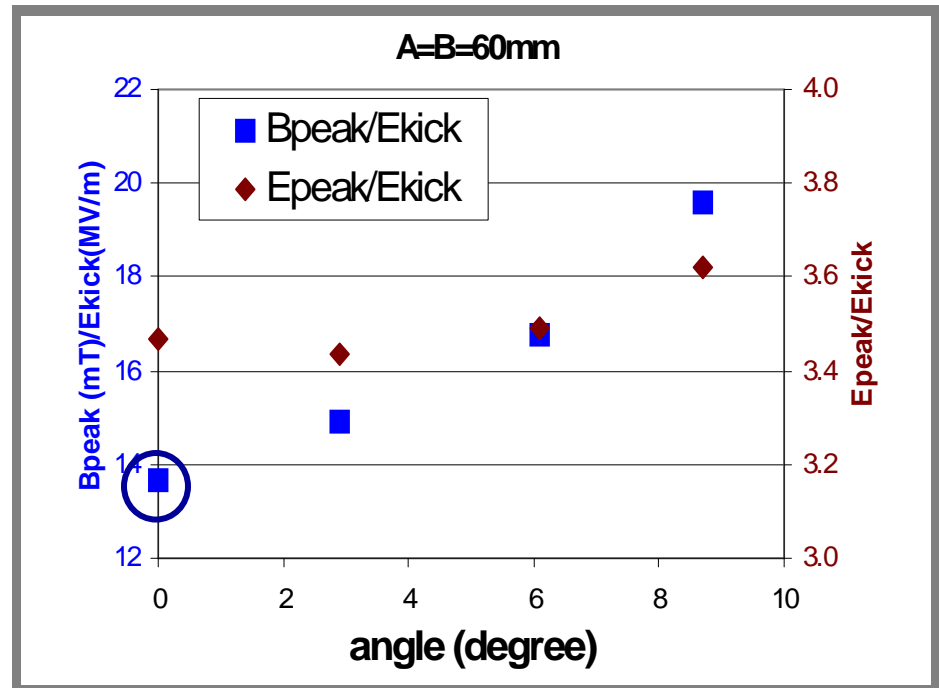
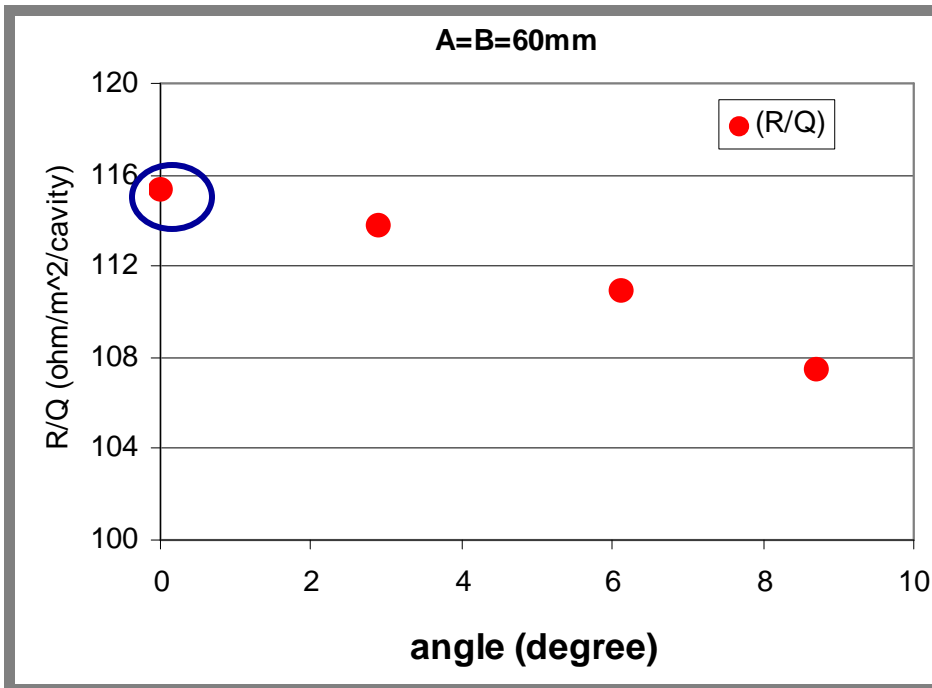
1. Effect of varying cell parameters
2. Effect of squashing the cavity
3. Preliminary RF results

Goal: Higher R/Q , lower E_{peak} & B_{peak}

**TM₁₁₀- π mode
@ 800MHz**



1. Effect of the angle α on R/Q and peak fields



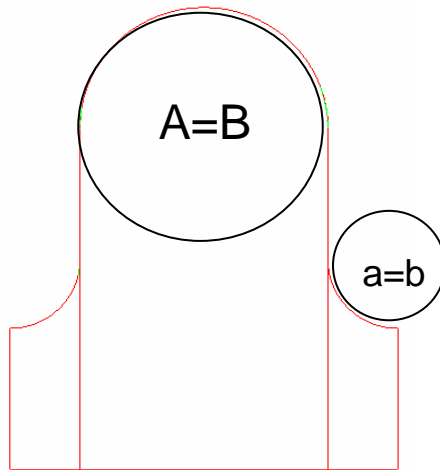
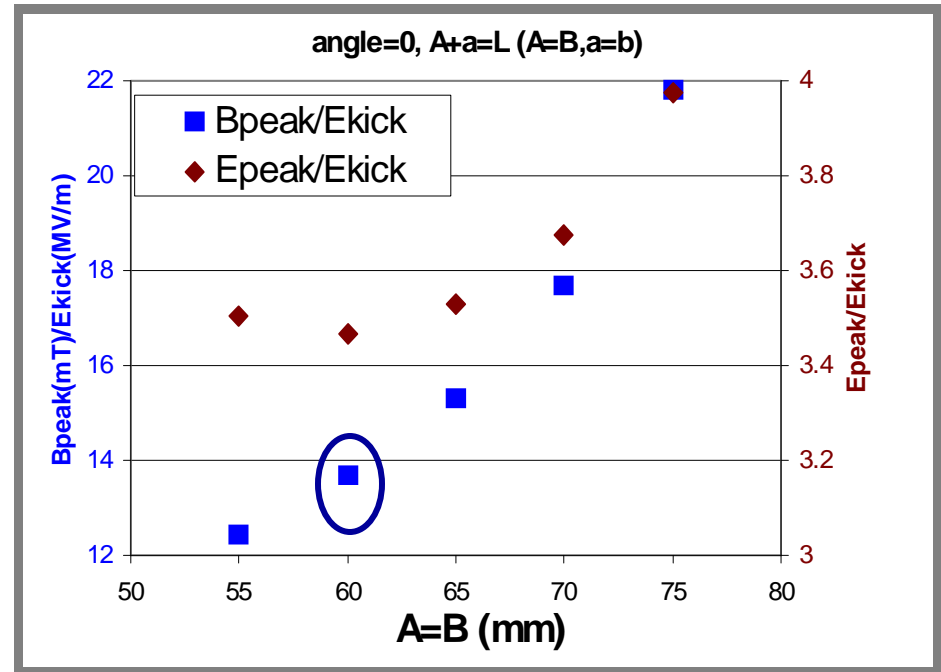
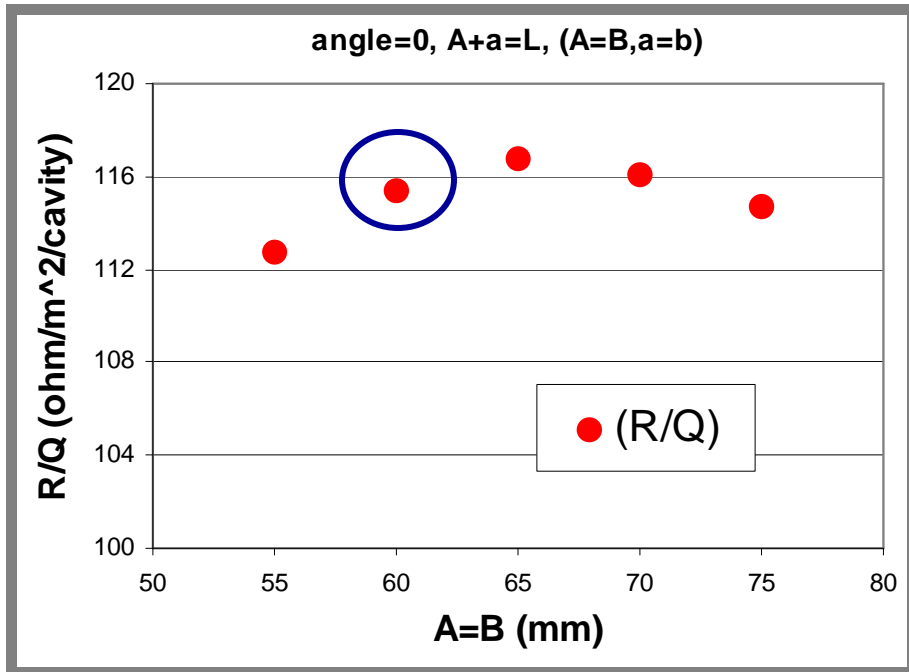
Smaller α angle or larger iris curvature can achieve larger (R/Q) and smaller Bpeak.



Liling Xiao, Jan.30, 2008

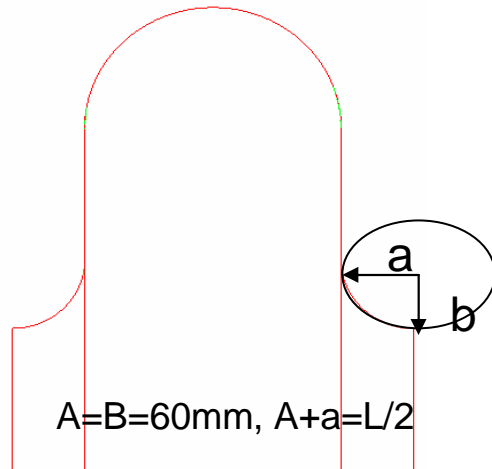
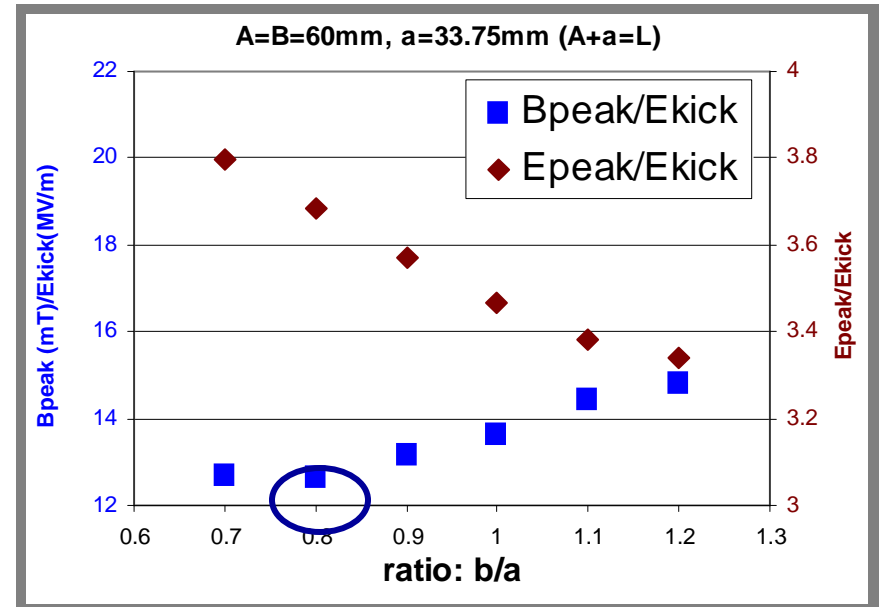
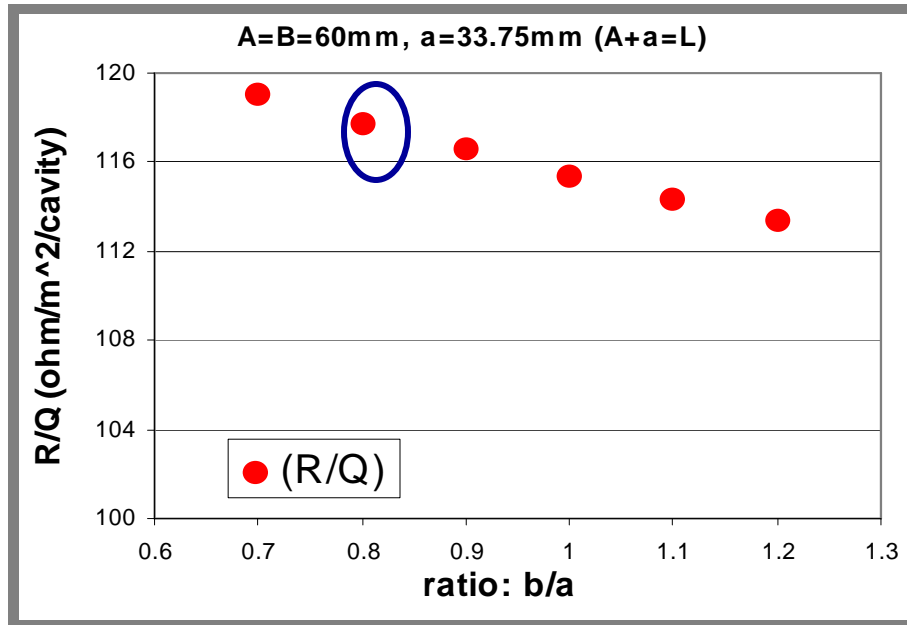


2. Effect of the cell dome radius A



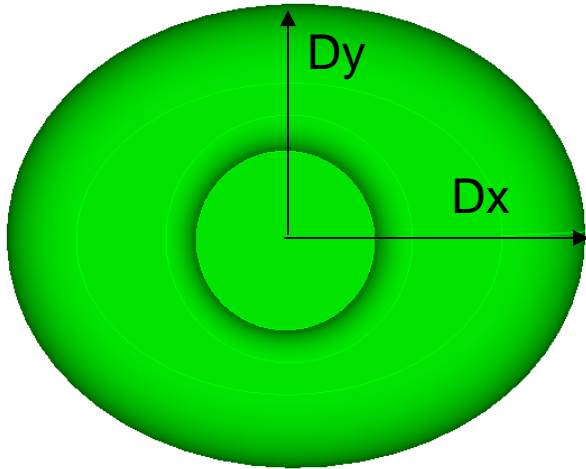
A cell dome radius of 60mm seems a good choice.

3. Effect of iris aspect ratio b/a on R/Q and peak fields



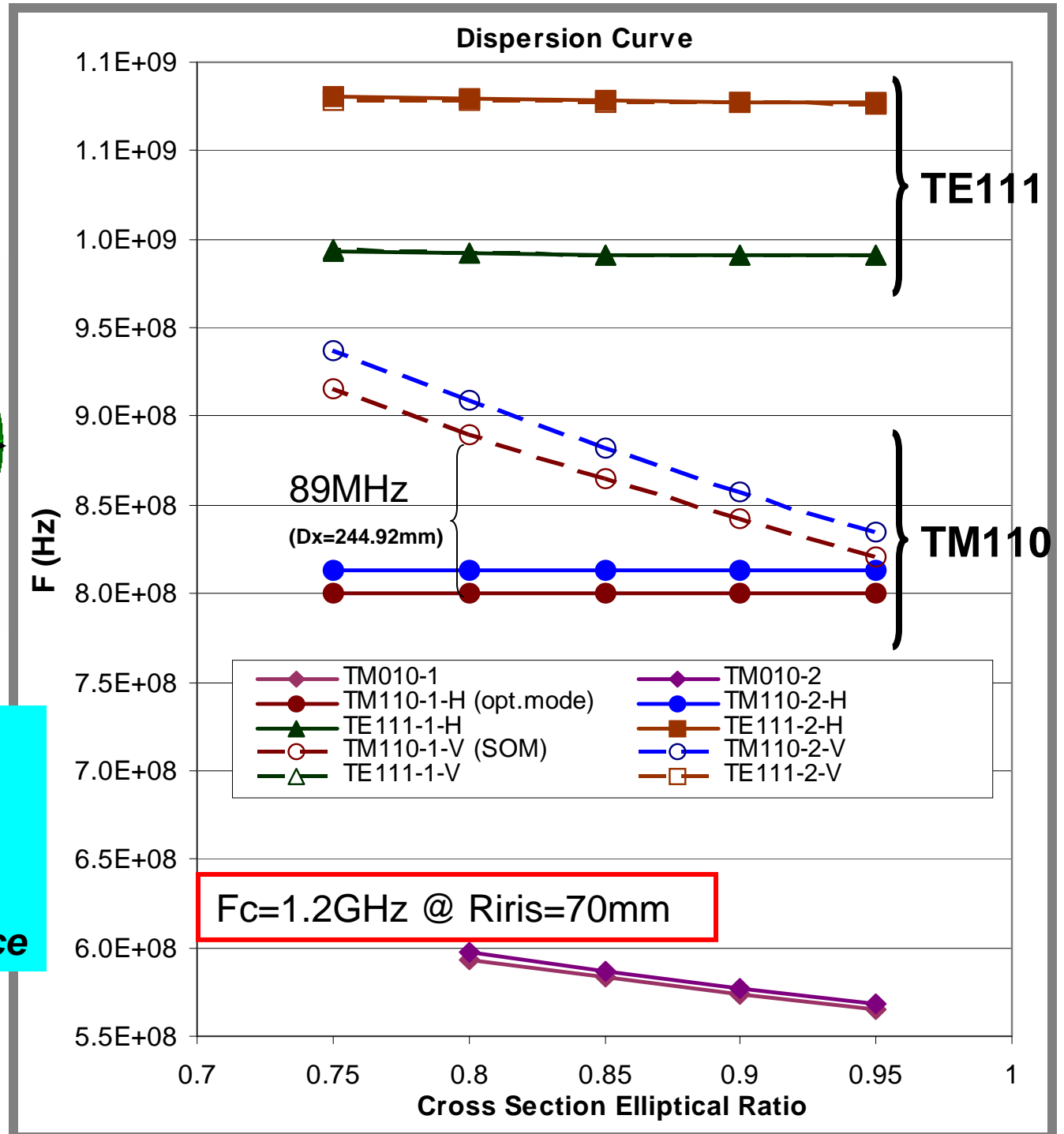
The max Ekick for a crab cavity is determined by the critical magnetic field and not by the field emission.

4. Effect of cell squash ratio



Chose squash ratio to optimize mode separation/spectrum.

Max D_x is limited by available horizontal space



800MHz crab cavity RF parameters



Frequency	800MHz
(R/Q)	117ohm/m ² /cavity
Deflecting Voltage V_T	2.5MV
Deflecting Gradient Ekick	6.67MV/m
Epeak	24.72MV/m
Bpeak	82.75mT
Mode separation (Opt.-SOM)	89MHz

TESLA TDR cavity peak fields for comparison:

Epeak: 70~90MV/m

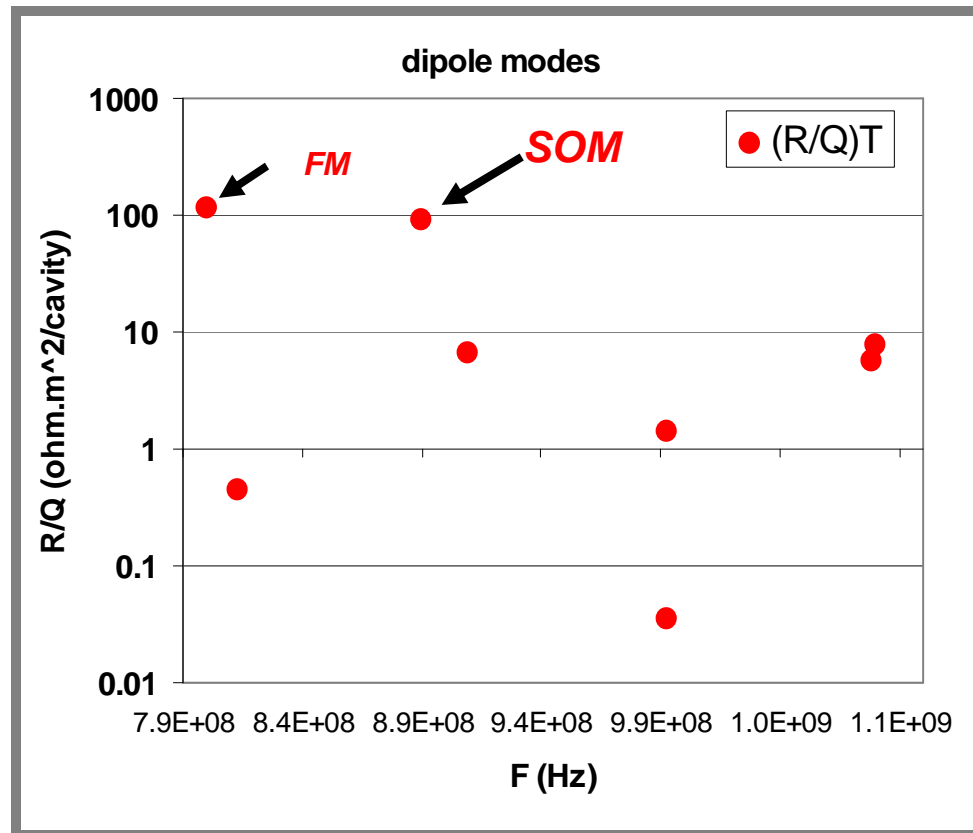
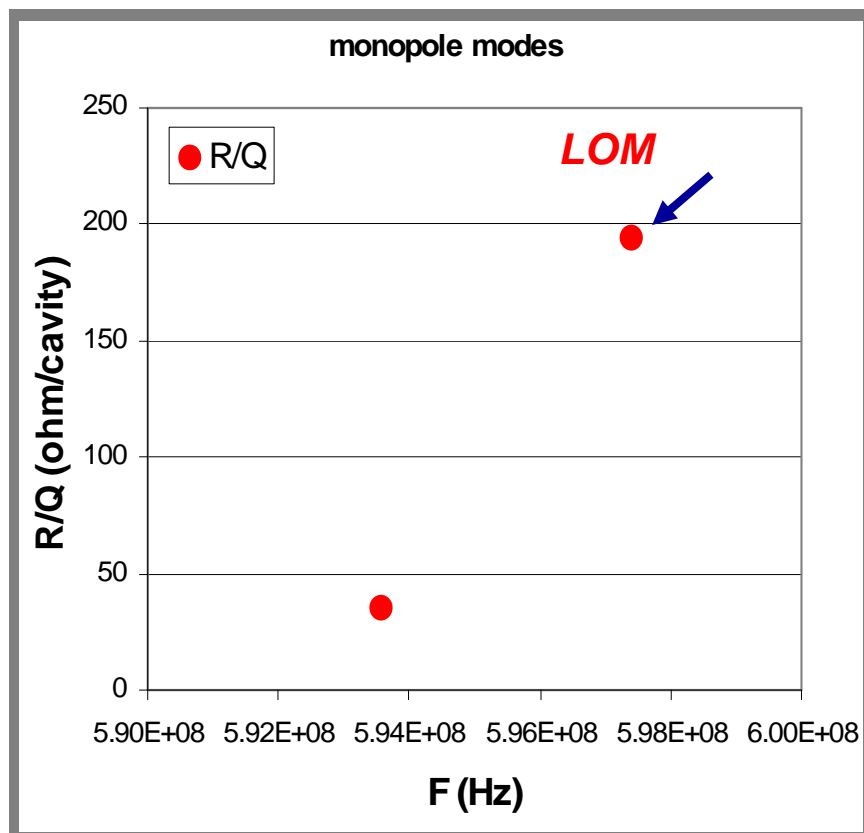
Bpeak: 150~190mT



Liling Xiao, Jan.30, 2008



What are the damping requirements for the LOM and SOM modes?



High R/Q LOM and SOM modes



Liling Xiao, Jan.30, 2008



A Preliminary R & D Results:

Omega2/Omega3p were used to optimize the cell shape.

- ✓ $R/Q=117\text{ohm/m}^2/\text{cavity}$;
- ✓ $E_{\text{peak}}=24.72\text{MV/m}$ for $V_{\text{T}}=2.5\text{MV}/\text{cavity}$;
- ✓ $B_{\text{peak}}=82.75\text{mT}$ for $V_{\text{T}}=2.5\text{MV}/\text{cavity}$;
- ✓ There is one LOM and SOM need to be damped;

Need to know the space constraints

- the maximal cross section dimensions that will determinate the max squash ratio;
- the smallest Riris in terms of the beam dynamics study;
- the smallest distances between the couplers and the end cell;
- the damping requirements for the LOM, SOM and HOM.

Next to do

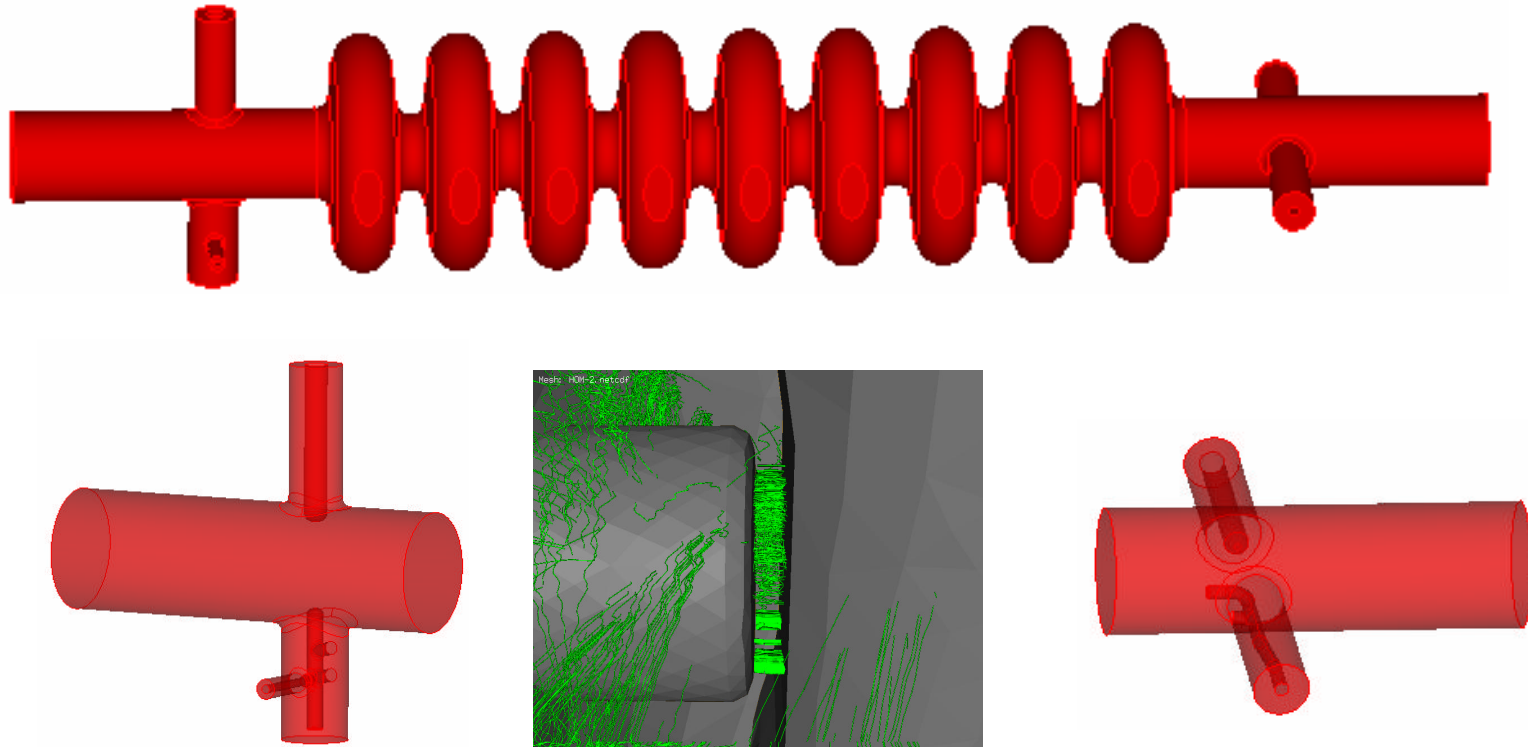
- Study damping schemes for LOM and SOM modes
- Simulate multipacting in cell and couplers



Liling Xiao, Jan.30, 2008



Crab Cavity Design for the ILC BDS



“HOM and LOM Coupler Optimizations for the ILC Crab Cavity”, slac-pub-12635

Collaboration with FNAL and UK lab on this project.



Liling Xiao, Jan.30, 2008

